COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Bureau of Animal Health and Diagnostic Services 2301 North Cameron Street Harrisburg PA 17110-9408

PH: 717-772-2852 FAX: 717-787-1868

APPLICATION FOR DEALERS OF LIVE FISH, LIVE BAITFISH, LIVE FISH BAIT, REPTILES, AMPHIBIANS, AND OTHER AQUATIC ORGANISMS

☐ INITIAL APPLICATION	
☐ RENEWAL APPLICATION OF AQUACULTURE CERTIFICA	TION #
REGISTRATION FEE: \$50.00 for 5 YEARS	
CHECK OR MONEY ORDER PAYABLE TO: COMMONWEAL	TH OF PENNSYLVANIA
1. Name of Business	
2. Business Mailing Address (Street or Post Office)	
(* Physical location of fish/animals)	
2a If PA Resident (county)	Township/Municipality
3. Telephone Number	Fax
4. Email Address	
5. Printed Name of Owner/Applicant	
6. Home Address of Owner/ Applicant (Street or Post Office) _	
-	
7. Business 911 street address or business GPS coordinates.	tes - REQUIRED

8. Complete the following for all licensed dealers, licensed propagators and all other persons or businesses from whom you are purchasing your live fish, live baitfish, live fish bait, reptiles, amphibians

accaon addictional page	es as needed.	
Name of Business:		
Address of Business:		
Phone number(s)		
·	om business: include scientific name (example: Oncorhynchus mykiss) of each cept for worms – required by PA Fish and Boat Commission.	_
List Location and List !	Source (Wild Caught or Purchased)	_ _ _
	_	_
		_
Name of Business:		
Name of Business:		
Name of Business:		
Name of Business: Address of Business: Phone number(s) Species Purchased fro		
Name of Business: Address of Business: Phone number(s) Species Purchased fro	m business: include scientific name (example: Oncorhynchus mykiss) of each	
Name of Business: Address of Business: Phone number(s) Species Purchased fro	m business: include scientific name (example: Oncorhynchus mykiss) of each	- - - -

and/or other aquatic animal species or organisms. If you need more space than that provided, please

9. Do you receive live fish, live aquatic animal species or organisms, or live baitfish from any Great Lake States (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio or Wisconsin) or the Pennsylvania counties of Crawford, Erie or Potter)?
If yes, please state from where:
If yes, do you have a completed Aquaculture Verification Certificate and proof of negative VHS status for
each lot of fish received?YesNo
If yes, please submit with application.
10. Do you receive any species of fish from a source outside of the Commonwealth?
YesNo
If yes, list all such fish species and their scientific names below: (All species of fish transported into the Commonwealth shall be species whose health inspection reports have been approved by the Department). Scientific names required by PA Fish and Boat Commission.
11. Are any of your facilities recirculating systems with no direct connection to any local waterways, i.e., closed systems (See attachment '71.3 Closed System Propagation Description')?YesNo
If YES , what is the ultimate disposal method of the recycled water?
If YES , what features and precautions ensure no organisms escape from the facility
If NO , which Pennsylvania Watershed(s) does your discharge water flow into?
12. What are your Gross Annual Sales?

(Date of Application)	(Signature of Applicant)
SECTIONS 4904(RELATING TO UNSWORN FALSI	FICATION TO AUTHORITIES)
I MAKE THE FOREGOING REPRESENTATIONS SU	
Species not appearing on the approved species	list may <u>not</u> be sold for any use within Pennsylvania.
	worms – required by PA Fish and Boat Commission.
13. List all of the species and their scientific ha	ines (example: Oncomynchus mykiss) you dear in within

*NOTE: All non-Pennsylvania sources of live fish, live bait fish, and live fish bait must be approved as to the source for disease transmission prevention by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture. Send a copy of each source facility's current fish health inspection report to the Department along with your application. Sources may be approved for a calendar year period.

Applicant Verification, Certification and Acknowledgment

(All Applicants Previously Listed Must Sign Below)

The applicant(s) verifies, certifies, represents, affirms and warrants to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Animal Health and Diagnostic Services, that it meets all eligibility requirements set forth in the Act, the Regulations and this License Application and that:

The information contained herein and in all attachments and supporting material is true and correct, the filing of the License Application has been duly authorized by the applicant(s), and the Board of Directors thereof if a corporation, and the undersigned(s) has/have authority to execute this License Application on behalf of the applicant(s). The applicant(s) affirm(s) the information set forth in this License Application Form is true and correct and makes these statements subject to the penalties of 18 PA.C.S.A. § 4904, relating to unsworn falsification to authorities. That crime carries a jail term of up to 5 years, and a fine of between \$1,000 and \$5,000. Being aware of the possibility of criminal prosecution relating to false statements, the applicant(s) hereby verifies all information provided in this document is true and correct.

<u>Signature instructions</u>: Please sign below in the space provided applicable to your status as an applicant. All persons with an ownership interest in the business to be licensed are applicants and must sign. If applicant is one of several persons with an ownership interest, look for the listing below for the type of entity in which applicant possesses an ownership interest and sign there.

Sole Proprietor:	Par	tnership:	
Signature	Signa	Signature – General Partner	
Legibly Print Name	Legik	oly Print Name	Legibly Print Name
Date	Date		Date
Corporation:			
Name o	f Corporation		
Signatu	re of President / VP (circle which)	Date	
Legibly	Print Name		
Signatu	re of Secretary / Treasurer (circle which	h) Date	
Legibly	Print Name		
Limited Liability Comp	any (LLC):		
Name of Corporation			_
Signature – Member	Date	Signature – Member	Date
Legibly Print Name		Legibly Print Name	
Signature – Member	Date	Signature – Member	Date
Legibly Print Name		Legibly Print Name	

Pennsylvania

ODE PREVIOUS - NEXT - CHAPTER - TITLE - BROWSE - SEARCH - HOME - TOC - TOC - TOC - DOC - TOC - DOC -

§ 63.19. Sale and purchase of fish.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d), it is unlawful for a person to sell, purchase, offer for sale or exchange or export for consideration, trade or barter any fish, whether dead or live, in whole or in part, including eggs and any lifestage of the fish caught or taken from the waters of this Commonwealth.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d), it is unlawful for a person to take, catch, kill or possess any fish, whether dead or live, in whole or in part, including eggs and any lifestage of the fish, for the purpose of selling the fish or offering it for sale.
- (c) In prosecutions for violation of this section, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that a species of fish that occurs within the waters of this Commonwealth was taken or caught from Commonwealth waters. A receipt or other document showing the lawful origin of the fish from waters in a state other than this Commonwealth or from an artificial propagator or dealer in live aquatic organisms registered in this Commonwealth, shall be sufficient to rebut the presumption created in this subsection.
- (d) This section does not prohibit the sale, purchase, offer for sale, trade or barter of any fish propagated by or from a propagator or dealer of live aquatic animals registered under 3 Pa.C.S. Chapter 42 (relating to aquacultural development), if the fish are lawfully propagated or acquired by means other than fishing from the waters of this Commonwealth in accordance with the requirements of applicable laws and regulations. This section does not prohibit the sale, purchase, offer for sale, trade or barter of any fish by or from the holder of a commercial fishing license issued under Chapter 29 of the code (relating to special licenses and permits), if the fish are lawfully caught or taken in accordance with the requirements of applicable laws and regulations. This section does not prohibit the sale of mounted fish.

Source

The provisions of this § 63.19 adopted March 2, 1990, effective March 3, 1990, 20 Pa.B. 1287; amended June 25, 1999, effective June 26, 1999, 29 Pa.B. 3211. Immediately preceding text appears at serial page (222093).

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Endangered Fish

Atlantic sturgeon, Acipenser oxyrhynchus. Banded sunfish, Enneacanthus obesus. Bigmouth buffalo, Ictiobus cyprinellus. Black bullhead, Amerius melas. Blackchin shiner, Notropis heterodon. Bridle shiner, Notropis bifrenatus. Burbot, Lota lota (inland populations only). Cisco, Coregonus artedi. Eastern sand darter, Etheostoma pellucida. Ghost shiner, Notropis buchanani. Gravel chub, Erimystax x-punctatus. Hickory shad, Alosa mediocris. Iowa darter, Etheostoma exile. Ironcolor shiner, Notropis chalybaeus. Lake sturgeon, Acipenser fulvescens. Longear sunfish, Lepomis megalotis. Longnose sucker, Catostomus catostomus. Mountain madtom, Noturus eleutherus. Northern brook lamprey, Ichthyomyzon fossor. Northern madtom, Noturus stigmosus. Northern redbelly dace, Phoxinus eos. Redfin shiner, Lythrurus umbratilis. River shiner, Notropis blennius. Shortnose sturgeon, Acipenser brevirostrum. Spotted gar, Lepisosteus oculatus. Tadpole madtom, Noturus gyrinus. Threespine stickleback, Gasterosteus aculeatus. Warmouth, Lepomis gulosus.

Endangered Inverts.

- *Clubshell mussel, Pleurobema clava.
- $*Dwarf\ wedgemussel, \textit{Alasmidonta heterodon}.$

Eastern Pearlshell mussel

*Northern riffleshell mussel, *Epioblasma torulosa rangiana*.

Pistolgrip mussel, Quadrula verrucosa

 ${\bf Rabbits foot} \hbox{-} \textit{Quadrula cylindrica cylindrical}$

Rayed bean mussel, Villosa fabalis

Round hickorynut mussel, *Obovaria subrotunda* Salamander mussel - *Simpsonaias ambigua*

Salamander musser – simpsonatus amoi

 ${\bf Snuffbox} \textbf{-} \textit{Epioblasma triquetra}$

- * has federal endangered status
- ** has federal threatened status
- *** has federal candidate status

Endangered Amphib. and Reptiles

Blue-spotted Salamander, Ambystoma laterale.

**Bog Turtle, Glyptemys muhlenbergii.
Eastern Mud Salamander, Pseudotrion m. montanus.
Kirtland's Snake, Clonophis kirtlandii.

***Massasauga Rattlesnake, Sistrurus catenatus.
New Jersey Chorus Frog, Pseudacris kalmi.
Northern Cricket Frog, Acris crepitans.
Rough Green Snake, Opheodrys aestivus.
Southern Leopard Frog, Lithobates sphenocephalus utricularius.

Threatened Fish

Bigmouth shiner, *Notropis dorsalis*.
Brindled madtom, *Noturus miurus*.
Chesapeake Logperch, *Percina bimaculata*Mountain brook lamprey, *Ichthyomyzon greeleyi*.
Southern redbelly dace, *Phoxinus erythrogaster*.
Spotted sucker, *Minytrema melanops*.

Threatened Amphibs. and Reptiles

Green Salamander, *Aneides aeneus*. Eastern Redbelly Turtle, *Pseudemys rubriventris*. Eastern Eastern Spadefoot Toad, *Scaphiopus holbrookii*.

Threatened Inverts.

Sheepnose mussel - Plethobasus cyphyus

Candidate Fish

American brook lamprey, Lampetra appendix. Bowfin, Amia calva.
Brook stickleback, Culaea inconstans.
Central mudminnow, Umbra limi.
Least brook lamprey, Lampetra aepyptera.
Eastern mudminnow, Umbra pygmaea.
Hornyhead chub, Nocomis biguttatus.
Ohio lamprey, Ichthyomyzon bdellium.

Candidate Amphib. and Reptiles

Blandings Turtle, *Emys blandingii*. Broadhead Skink, *Eumeces laticeps*. Timber Rattlesnake, *Crotalus horridus*.

Last Revised: 7-8-15

SALAMANDERS - Order Caudata



Pennsylvania Native Reptile & Amphibian Species

Links below lead to NatureServe.org (NS). Scientific names used by NS are not always consistent with the Commission's (PFBC) naming conventions of PA native herptiles. NatureServe links are provided for informational purposes (natural history, distribution, threats information). Always reference the PFBC names as these are tied to our fishing & boating regulations.

While the PFBC contributes to NS data, note that NatureServe.org is NOT part of the Commission's web site and therefore is not under the management or control of the Commission and is not governed by the privacy or security policies of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

AMPHIBIANS

Giant Salamanders - Family Cryptobr	anchidae	
Common Name	Scientific Name	PA Status
Eastern Hellbender	Cryptobranchus alleganiensis alleganiensis	S
Mudpuppy Salamanders - Family Pro	oteidae	
Mudpuppy	Necturus maculosus	S
Mole Salamanders - Family Ambyston	matidae	
Jefferson Salamander	Ambystoma jeffersonianum	S
Blue-spotted Salamander	Ambystoma laterale	Е
Spotted Salamander	Ambystoma maculatum	Α
Marbled Salamander	Ambystoma opacum	S
Newts - Family Salamandridae		
Eastern Red-Spotted Newt	Notophthalmus viridescens viridescens	Α
Lungless Salamanders - Family Pleth	nodontidae	
Green Salamander	Aneides aeneus	Т
Northern Dusky Salamander	Desmognathus fuscus	Α
Seal Salamander	Desmognathus monticola	Α
Allegheny Mountain Dusky Salamander	Desmognathus ochrophaeus	Α
Northern Two-lined Salamander	Eurycea bislineata	Α
Longtail Salamander	Eurycea longicauda longicauda	Α
Northern Spring Salamander	Gyrinophilus porphyriticus porphyriticus	Α
Four-toed Salamander	Hemidactylium scutatum	Α
Eastern Redback Salamander	Plethodon cinereus	Α
Northern Slimy Salamander	Plethodon glutinosus	Α
Valley and Ridge Salamander	Plethodon hoffmani	S
Wehrle's Salamander	Plethodon wehrlei	Α

Northern Ravine Salamander	Plethodon electromorphus	S
Eastern Mud Salamander	Pseudotriton montanus montanus	Е
Northern Red Salamander	Pseudotriton ruber ruber	Α
FROGS AND TOADS - Order Salientia		
Spadefoots - Family Pelobatidae		
Common Name	Scientific Name	PA Status
Eastern Spadefoot	Scaphiopus holbrookii	E
Toads - Family Bufonidae		
Eastern American Toad	Anaxyrus americanus americanus-PFBC Bufo americanus americanus-NS	Α
Fowler's Toad	Anaxyrus fowleri–PFBC Bufo fowleri–NS	S
Treefrogs - Family Hylidae		
Northern Cricket Frog	Acris crepitans	Ε
Eastern Gray Treefrog	Hyla versicolor	Α
Mountain Chorus Frog	Pseudacris brachyphona	S
Spring Peeper	Pseudacris crucifer	Α
Upland Chorus Frog	Pseudacris feriarum	S
New Jersey Chorus Frog	Pseudacris kalmi	E
Western Chorus Frog	Pseudacris triseriata	S
True Frogs - Family Ranidae		
Bullfrog	Lithobates catesbeianus-PFBC Rana catesbeiana-NS	Α
Northern Green Frog	Lithobates clamitans melanota–PFBC Rana clamitans–NS	Α
Pickerel Frog	Lithobates palustris–PFBC Rana palustris–NS	Α
Northern Leopard Frog	Lithobates pipiens–PFBC Rana pipiens–NS	S
Wood Frog	Lithobates sylvaticus-PFBC Rana sylvatica-NS	Α
Southern Leopard Frog	Lithobates sphenocephalus utricularius– PFBC Rana sphenocephala–NS	Е

REPTILES

TURTLES – Order Testudines

Snapping Turtles - Family Chelydridae

Scientific Name	PA Status
Chelydra serpentina	A
Cinosternidae	
Kinosternon subrubrum subrubrum	S
Sternotherus odoratus	Α
amily Emydidae	
Chrysemys picta marginata	Α
	Chelydra serpentina Cinosternidae Kinosternon subrubrum subrubrum Sternotherus odoratus Family Emydidae

Eastern Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta picta	Α
Spotted Turtle	Clemmys guttata	S
Wood Turtle	Glyptemys insculpta	S
Bog Turtle	Glyptemys muhlenbergii	E
Blanding's Turtle	Emydoidea blandingii	С
Map Turtle	Graptemys geographica	Α
Eastern Redbelly Turtle	Pseudemys rubriventris	Т
Eastern Box Turtle	Terrapene carolina carolina	s
Softshell Turtles - Family Trionych	nidae	
Eastern Spiny Softshell	Apalone spinifera spinifera	A
LIZARDS – Order Squamata	, ,	
Lizards - Family Phrynosomatidae		٠
Common Name	Scientific Name	PA Status
Eastern Fence Lizard	Sceloporus undulatus	S
Skinks - Family Scincidae	,	_
Northern Coal Skink	Plestiodon anthracinus anthracinus	S
Five-lined Skink	Plestiodon fasciatus	A
Broadhead Skink	Plestiodon laticeps	C
SNAKES – Order Squamata	, rodinador radiocpe	Ŭ
Colubrid Snakes - Family Colubrid	lae .	
Common Name	Scientific Name	PA Status
Eastern Worm Snake	Carphophis amoenus amoenus-PFBC Carphophis amoenus-NS	S
Kirtland's Snake	Clonophis kirtlandii	Е
Northern Black Racer	Coluber constrictor constrictor	- А
Northern Ringneck Snake	Diadophis punctatus edwardsii	Α
Eastern Ratsnake	Pantherophis alleghaniensis-PFBC Elaphe obsoleta-NS	A
Eastern Hognose Snake	Heterodon platirhinos	s
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum triangulum	A
Northern Water Snake	Nerodia sipedon sipedon	A
Rough Green Snake	Opheodrys aestivus	E
Queen Snake	Regina septemvittata	S
Northern Brown Snake	Storeria dekayi dekayi	A
Northern Redbelly Snake	Storeria occipitomaculata occipitomaculata	· A
Shorthead Garter Snake	Thamnophis brachystoma	S
Eastern Ribbon Snake	Thamnophis sauritus	S
Eastern Garter Snake	Thamnophis sirtalis sirtalis	A
Eastern Smooth Earth Snake	Virginia valeriae valeriae–PFBC	S
Lastern Smooth Later Shake	Virginia valeriae–NS	3
Mountain Earth Snake	Virginia pulchra–PFBC Virginia valeriae pulchra–NS	s
Smooth Green Snake	Liochlorophis vernalis	S
Pit Vipers - Family Viperidae		
Copperhead	Agkistrodon contortrix	S

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Timber Rattlesnake

Crotalus horridus

C

Eastern Massasauga

Sistrurus catenatus catenatus

Е

Legend

A=Abundant

C=Candidate Species

E=Endangered Species

S=Species of special concern, rare, not common due to one or more of the following factors:

range restriction, population decline, limited distribution, direct threats from habitat alteration, collection

T=Threatened Species

NS=Nature Serve

PFBC=Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission

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Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Web Privacy and Security Policies

§ 73.3. Transportation and importation of VHS-susceptible species of fish.

- (a) *Definitions*. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (1) Species of fish that are susceptible to viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS) are those species that the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service of the United States Department of Agriculture (APHIS) designates by order or the Commission defines by notice in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin*.
- (i) The term "VHS-susceptible species" includes fish that are dead or alive, preserved or unpreserved, and the parts thereof.
 - (ii) The term "VHS-susceptible species" does not include the eggs of these species.
- (2) A VHS-affected or VHS-at risk state includes Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio and Wisconsin or other state that APHIS later designates by order or the Commission later defines by notice in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* as being VHS-affected or VHS-at risk.
- (3) A VHS-affected or VHS-at risk region includes the Canadian provinces of Ontario and Quebec or other region that APHIS later designates by order or the Commission later defines by notice in the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* as being VHS-affected or VHS-at risk.
- (b) *Intrastate transportation*. It is unlawful to transport or cause the transportation of VHS-susceptible species of fish out of the portion of the Lake Erie watershed in this Commonwealth into other watersheds of this Commonwealth except in accordance with § 69.3(b) (relating to transportation, introduction and sale of VHS-susceptible species of fish out of the Lake Erie watershed).
- (c) *Interstate transportation*. It is unlawful to transport or cause the transportation of VHS-susceptible species of fish into this Commonwealth from a VHS-affected or VHS-at risk state, except when one of the following conditions is met:
- (1) The fish are from a group of fish certified as having tested negative for VHS or are from an artificial propagation facility certified as having tested negative for VHS in accordance with the testing protocols adopted by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture (Department) and approved by the Commission. Persons transporting these fish shall have in their possession, and present upon the request of an officer authorized to enforce the code, a copy of the fish health certification reports for all VHS-susceptible fish being transported or a copy of the fish health certification report for the artificial propagation facility if the fish are from a facility that has been certified as having tested negative for VHS.
- (2) The fish are being transported through this Commonwealth and the shipping container (tank, trailer, holding vessel or other container) remains biosecure in transit and the fish are accompanied in transit by documentation stating the point of origin of the fish and the location outside of this Commonwealth to which they are to be delivered.

- (3) The fish are being transported to facilities located within this Commonwealth for testing and scientific purposes and the persons transporting the fish have taken adequate measures to prevent escape and to disinfect discharged water and equipment used in the transportation of the fish and the fish are accompanied in transit by documentation stating the point of origin of the fish and the destination to which they are to be delivered for testing or scientific purposes.
- (4) The fish are being transported to a slaughter facility, processing plant or restaurant within this Commonwealth and the fish are accompanied in transit by documentation stating the point of origin of the fish and the destination to which they are to be delivered for slaughter, processing or consumption.
- (5) The fish are dead, recreationally caught fish that are being transported solely for the purpose of human consumption.
- (d) *International movement*. It is unlawful to import or cause the importation of VHS-susceptible species of fish into this Commonwealth from a VHS-affected or VHS-at risk region, except as follows: VHS-susceptible species of dead fish may be imported into the United States if the fish are recreationally caught and are for human consumption.

Authority

The provisions of this § 73.3 adopted under the authority of the Fish and Boat Code, 30 Pa.C.S. § 2102(a); amended under the Fish and Boat Code, 30 Pa.C.S. § 2102(c).

Source

The provisions of this § 73.3 adopted December 12, 2008, effective January 1, 2009, 38 Pa.B. 6742; amended January 8, 2010, effective January 9, 2010, 40 Pa.B. 257. Immediately preceding text appears at serial pages (340050) to (340052).

Cross References

This section cited in 58 Pa. Code § 63.51 (relating to sale of vhs-susceptible species of fish); and 58 Pa. Code § 71.8 (relating to introduction of vhs-susceptible species of fish).

Footnotes (Page 4) show exceptions and limitations 450 Robinson Lane, Bellefonte, PA 16823 814-359-5129 **2017**

FISH ¹	OHIO	ERIE and GENESEE	SUSQUE.	POTOMAC	DELAWARE
Brook Trout Salvelinus fontinalis	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Brown Trout Salmo trutta	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rainbow Trout, Steelhead, Kamloops Oncorhynchus mykiss	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Golden Rainbow Trout Oncorhynchus mykiss	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tiger Trout Salmo trutta x Salvelinus fontinalis	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Albino Trout All species	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Coho Salmon Oncorhynchus kisutch	No ²	Yes	No ²	No ²	No ²
Atlantic Salmon Salmo salar	No ²				
Common Carp Cyprinus carpio	Yes ³				
Koi Cyprinus carpio	Yes ³				
Goldfish Carassius auratus	Yes ³				
Comets Carassius auratus	Yes ³				
Golden Shiner Notemigonus chrysoleucas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Fathead Minnow (includes "rosy reds") Pimephales promelas	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bluntnose Minnow Pimephales notatus	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Footnotes (Page 4) show exceptions and limitations 450 Robinson Lane, Bellefonte, PA 16823 814-359-5129 **2017**

Creek Chub Semotilus atromaculatus	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Emerald Shiner Notropis atherinoides	Yes ⁶	Yes	No	No	No
White Sucker Catostomous commersoni	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yellow Bullhead Ameiurus natalis	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Brown Bullhead Ameiurus nebulosus	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
White Catfish Ameiurus catus	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
FISH ¹	OHIO	ERIE and GENESEE	SUSQUE.	POTOMAC	DELAWARE
Channel Catfish Ictalurus punctatus	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Stonecat Noturus flavus	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Margined Madtom Noturus insignis	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
American Eel ⁵ <i>Anguilla rostrata</i>	No	No	Yes ⁴	Yes ⁴	Yes ⁴
Banded Killifish Fundulus diaphanous	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mummichog Fundulus heteroclitus	No	No	No	No	Yes
Striped Bass Morone saxatilis	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Striped Bass hybrid Morone chrysops x M. saxatilis	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Rock Bass Ambloplites rupestris	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Redbreast Sunfish <i>Lepomis auritus</i>	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Footnotes (Page 4) show exceptions and limitations 450 Robinson Lane, Bellefonte, PA 16823 814-359-5129 **2017**

Pumpkinseed <i>Lepomis gibbosus</i>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bluegill					
Lepomis macrochirus	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sunfish hybrid Lepomis cyanellus x L. macrochirus	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
FISH ¹	OHIO	ERIE and GENESEE	SUSQUE.	POTOMAC	DELAWARE
Northern Pike Esox lucius	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Northern Green Frog (adults & tadpoles) Rana clamitans melanota	No 2	No ²	No ²	No ²	No ²
Bullfrog (adults & tadpoles) Rana catesbeiana	No ²	No ²	No^2	No ²	No ²
Hellgrammites Dobsonfly larvae	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mud Bugs Dragonfly larvae	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Smallmouth Bass Micropterus dolomieui	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Largemouth Bass Micropterus salmoides	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
White Crappie Pomoxis annularis	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Black Crappie Pomoxis nigromaculatus	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yellow Perch Perca flavescens	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Walleye Sander vitreus	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Chain Pickerel Esox niger	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Muskellunge Esox masquinongy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Footnotes (Page 4) show exceptions and limitations 450 Robinson Lane, Bellefonte, PA 16823 814-359-5129 **2017**

- 1 For fish species (except those listed as threatened and endangered) not listed on this table and fish species restricted to certain watersheds, closed system artificial propagation may be permitted with the approval of the Department of Agriculture.
- 2 Open system artificial propagation permitted; however, introduction into Commonwealth waters only with the written permission of the Executive Director of the PA Fish and Boat Commission.
- 3 Cannot be used or sold as bait.
- 4 Minimum length limit of 9 inches applies for bait introductions.
- 5 Dealers must report purchase and sale of all American eels to PFBC, per Atlantic State Marine Fisheries Commission reporting requirements. Forms provided by PFBC.
- 6 Emerald shiners may be propagated or introduced into the Ohio River Basin only if certified to be VHS free as described in 58 Pa. Code §69.3. (see Note 1)

NOTE: There are additional restrictions on the introduction and transportation of VHS susceptible species. Consult Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission and Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture regulations for more information. Lists of susceptible fish species can be found at:

http://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal_health/animal_dis_spec/aquaculture/downloads/vhs_regulated_spp.pdf and other information pertaining to federal VHS regulations can be found at:
http://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal_health/animal_dis_spec/aquaculture/

Order Adopting Amendments

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA PENNSYLVANIA FISH AND BOAT COMMISSION

Title 58. Recreation
Part II. Fish and Boat Commission
Chapters 61, 63, 69, 71 and 73
Fishing

Preamble

The Fish and Boat Commission (Commission) amends Chapters 61, 63, 69, 71 and 73 (relating to seasons, sizes and creel limits; general fishing regulations; fishing in Lake Erie and boundary lakes; propagation and introduction of fish into Commonwealth waters; and transportation of live fish into this Commonwealth). The Commission is publishing this final-form rulemaking under the authority of 30 Pa. C.S. (relating to the Fish and Boat Code) (code).

A. Effective Date

The final-form rulemaking will go into effect on January 1, 2015.

B. Contact Person

For further information on the final-form rulemaking, contact Laurie E. Shepler, Esq., P.O. Box 67000, Harrisburg, PA 17106-7000, (717) 705-7810. This final-form rulemaking is available on the Commission's website at www.fish.state.pa.us.

C. Statutory Authority

The amendments to § 61.1 (relating to Commonwealth inland waters), § 61.2 (relating to Delaware River, West Branch Delaware River and River Estuary), §61.3 (relating to Pymatuning

Reservoir), § 61.4 (relating to Conowingo Reservoir), § 63.46 (relating to sale, purchase or barter of injurious, nonnative species), § 69.12 (relating to the seasons, sizes and creel limits – Lake Erie, Lake Erie tributaries and Presque Isle Bay including peninsula waters), §71.6 (relating to prohibited acts) and § 73.1 (relating to transportation) are published under the statutory authority of section 2102 of the code (relating to rules and regulations).

D. Purpose and Background

The specific purpose and background of the amendments are described in more detail under the summary of changes.

E. Summary of Changes

Crayfish are one of the most conspicuous and ecologically important components of aquatic communities in this Commonwealth and across the globe. They are an important forage item for fishes, mammals, birds, reptiles and amphibians and facilitate the transfer of nutrients up through the food chain to higher trophic levels. About half of North America's crayfish fauna is imperiled, and native crayfishes across the continent and in this Commonwealth are rapidly being replaced by introduced (exotic) crayfishes.

The replacement of native crayfish by introduced crayfish represents a significant threat to aquatic communities. Introduced crayfish attain densities that are exceedingly high (sometimes in excess of 200 individuals/m²), often eliminate aquatic macrophytes and suppress benthic invertebrate communities. They can have strong negative effects on amphibians, mussels and fishes.

Stopping the spread of introduced crayfish is difficult once they become widespread. Since the distributions of most introduced crayfishes in this Commonwealth are still limited, there is still time to stop the spread of exotic crayfishes and preserve the native stocks that remain.

Exotic crayfishes occur in a number of water bodies in this Commonwealth and are available from bait shops, biological warehouses, pet stores, live food vendors and aquaculture facilities. In

order to help prevent additional introductions of crayfish in this Commonwealth, stringent regulations and their enforcement is warranted.

The invasive rusty crayfish (*Orconectes rusticus*) has been tightly regulated in this Commonwealth since 2005, and live individuals cannot be possessed, sold, transported or cultured within this Commonwealth. However, there are five other introduced crayfishes that occur in the Commonwealth that are currently unregulated. These exotic crayfishes can be purchased from commercial dealers or collected from invaded water bodies and released legally into the state's waters with potentially devastating effects on native communities. Additionally, although the invasive red swamp crayfish (*Procambarus clarkii*) cannot be propagated in flow-through systems or introduced into Commonwealth waters, the species can be possessed, sold, and transported legally within this Commonwealth.

Extending the *Orconectes rusticus* ban to other exotic crayfish species would be impossible to enforce because most natural resource managers and conservation officers have difficulty identifying crayfish species. For this reason, the Commission restricted the sale, possession, introduction, transportation and culture of all live native and nonnative crayfishes in the Commonwealth. Similar restrictions have been passed elsewhere (e.g., Wisconsin and parts of Maryland and Canada) with broad public support.

With these amendments, licensed anglers will still be allowed to harvest up to 50 crayfish per day. However, the head must be immediately removed behind the eyes upon capture unless the crayfish are used as bait in the water from which they were taken. When crayfish are used as bait in the water from which they were taken, the head does not have to be removed. When crayfish are transported from the water from which they were collected, the head must be removed behind the eyes. The amendments also restrict the sale of all live native and nonnative crayfishes in the Commonwealth except when they are sold for testing and scientific purposes or restaurant consumption, adequate measures have been taken to prevent their escape, and they are accompanied

by documentation stating the point of origin and the destination to which they are to be delivered. Last, the amendments restrict possession, introduction and transportation of all live native and nonnative crayfishes except (i) when they are possessed and used as bait on, in or about the water from which taken or (ii) when they are possessed or imported for testing and scientific purposes or restaurant consumption, adequate measures have been taken to prevent their escape, and they are accompanied by documentation stating the point of origin and the destination to which they are to be delivered. Except when they are used as bait as described above, the introduction of any live crayfish into Commonwealth waters will be strictly prohibited.

Although propagation is not specifically addressed by this final-form rulemaking,

Commission staff worked with the Department of Agriculture (DOA) and registered propagators to
address issues pertaining to crayfish culture. Section 71.2 of the Commission's regulations provides
that the Bureau of Fisheries will maintain a list of species by watershed for which DOA may issue
registrations for artificial propagation and registrations for dealers of live aquatic animals. The
section further provides that the Bureau may update or modify the list of authorized species by
adding species to or deleting species from the list as necessary to provide for the protection and
management of fish in this Commonwealth. Therefore, concurrent with this rulemaking, the
Commission will remove all crayfish species from the list of species approved for open-system
propagation and introduction in the Commonwealth. The culture and propagation of crayfish will
still be permitted in closed systems.

The Commission amends $\S\S61.1 - 61.4$, 63.46, 69.12, 71.6 and 73.1 to restrict the sale, possession, introduction and transportation of all crayfish species in this Commonwealth to read as set forth in the notice of proposed rulemaking.

F. Paperwork

The final-form rulemaking will not increase paperwork and will not create new paperwork requirements.

G. Fiscal Impact

The final-form rulemaking will have no adverse fiscal impact on the Commonwealth or its political subdivisions. The final-form rulemaking will impose no new costs on the private sector or the general public. Any fiscal impact to the private sector is expected to be nominal. Some businesses sell crayfish as pets or bait, but the revenue generated is typically a very minor component of total sales. Other commercial uses include testing and scientific purposes and restaurant consumption. However, under the amendments, the sale, possession and transportation of live crayfish is permitted for those purposes when adequate measures have been taken to prevent their escape and they are accompanied by documentation stating the point of origin and the destination to which they are to be delivered. Therefore, laboratories, research facilities and restaurants will not be significantly affected by the changes.

H. Public Involvement

A notice of proposed rulemaking containing the amendments was published at 44 Pa. B. 901 (February 15, 2014). The Commission solicited public comments for a period of 60 days. The Commission received a total of 30 comments generally supporting the proposal and summarized in a Comment/Response Document. Copies of all public comments and the Comment/Response Document were provided to the Commissioners.

FINDINGS

The Commission finds that:

(1) Public notice of intention to adopt the amendments adopted by this order has been given

under sections 201 and 202 of the act of July 31, 1968 (P.L. 769, No. 240) (45 P.S. §§1201, 1202) and

the regulations promulgated thereunder, 1 Pa. Code §§ 7.1 and 7.2.

(2) A public comment period was provided, and the public comments that were received

were considered.

(3) The adoption of the amendments of the Commission in the manner provided in this order

is necessary and appropriate for administration and enforcement of the authorizing statutes.

ORDER

The Commission, acting under the authorizing statutes, orders that:

(A) The regulations of the Commission, 58 Pa. Code Chapters 61, 63, 69, 71 and 73, are

amended by amending §§ 61.1 – 61.4, 63.46, 69.12, 71.6 and 73.1 to read as set forth at 44 Pa. B. 901.

(B) The Executive Director will submit this order and 44 Pa. B. 901 to the Office of

Attorney General for approval as to legality and form as required by law.

(C) The Executive Director shall certify this order and 44 Pa. B. 901 and deposit them with

the Legislative Reference Bureau as required by law.

(D) This order shall take effect on January 1, 2015.

For the Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission

John A. Arway
Executive Director

Pennsylvania Aquaculture Advisory Committee c/o PennAg Industries Association 2215 Forest Hills Drive, Suite 39 Harrisburg, PA 17112-1099 Telephone: (717) 651-5920

Date: October 1, 2014

To: All registered propagators and bait dealers

From: Jennifer Reed-Harry, Aquaculture Coordinator

RE: Overview of the PA Fish & Boat Commission on Crayfish

Effective January 1, 2015, the Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission has ruled:

- 1. No crayfish species shall be approved for open-system propagation and introduction into the waters of the Commonwealth. The culture and propagation of crayfish will still be permitted in closed systems, if the participant is registered for artificial propagation with the Bureau of Animal Health and Diagnostic Services.
- 2. There is a restriction on the sale of all live native and non-native crayfish in this Commonwealth, except when they are sold for testing and scientific purposes, or restaurant consumption. The point of origin and destination must be documented with every delivery. It will be illegal to sell live crayfish in pet stores and bait shops.
- 3. Licensed anglers may still harvest 50 crayfish/day. The crayfish head must be immediately removed behind the eyes upon capture unless the crayfish are used as bait in the waters from where they were taken. If an angler wishes to transport the crayfish from the waters from which they were collected, the angler must remove the head from behind the eyes.

To learn more about this rule, visit the PA Fish and Boat Commission website at www.fish.state.pa.us or contact the Ms. Laurie Shepler, Esq. at the PA Fish and Boat Commission at (717) 705-7810.

Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture QUARANTINE ORDER Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia Virus

Recitals.

- A. Viral hemorrhagic septicemia (VHS) is an infectious disease caused by a rhabdovirus the viral hemorrhagic septicemia virus (VHSV) in a variety of fish species.
- B. VHS has been designated a "dangerous transmissible disease" of animals pursuant to a temporary order issued by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture (PDA) under authority of Section 2321(d) of the Domestic Animal Law (3 Pa.C.S.A. § 2321(d)). The current temporary order making this designation was published in the December 30, 2006 edition of the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* (at 36 Pa.B. 7974).
- C. PDA has broad authority under the Domestic Animal Law to regulate the keeping and handling of domestic animals in order to exclude, contain or eliminate dangerous transmissible diseases.
- D. VHS has caused death losses to various fish species in the Great Lakes and other infected waterways.
- E. VHS is of particular concern to Pennsylvania's aquaculture industry, in that its presence and impact may severely limit the market for Pennsylvania-produced fish and fish products.
- F. VHS virus exists within the Lake Erie and Lake Ontario Watersheds, which includes portions of Crawford County, Erie County and Potter County.
- G. PDA registers "artificial propagators" of fish and "dealers" of fish under authority of the Aquaculture Development Law (3 Pa.C.S.A. §§ 4201 4223). There are PDA-registered artificial propagators and dealers within the Lake Erie Watershed and the Lake Ontario Watershed.
- H. VHS virus exists in several States outside this Commonwealth, including Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio and Wisconsin.
- I. There is no known treatment for VHS infection, no vaccine against this disease and no feasible live animal test that can detect the presence of VHSV.
- J. The Domestic Animal Law allows (at 3 Pa.C.S.A. § 2329) for the establishment of a Quarantine Order under the circumstances described above.

Order.

PDA enters a General Quarantine Order and an Interstate Quarantine Order with respect to VHS, incorporating the foregoing recitals into this order. This order is entered under authority of the Domestic Animal Law, at 3 Pa.C.S. § 2329, and establishes the following restrictions and conditions:

- 1. *General*. This order establishes a General Quarantine with respect to VHS-susceptible species (defined below, in Paragraph 2) produced, held or transported by PDA-registered artificial propagators or PDA-registered dealers from those Pennsylvania counties that are in whole or in part within the Lake Erie or Lake Ontario Watersheds. This order also establishes an Interstate Quarantine with respect to VHS-susceptible species transported from certain states within which VHS has been detected or is reasonably suspected to exist. For purposes of this order, the terms "VHSV" and "VHS" shall be considered synonymous.
- 2. VHS-susceptible species. For purposes of this order, the term "VHS-susceptible species" shall include live animals, dead animals and dead animal parts of the following fish species, as well as any other fish species designated "VHS-susceptible species" by the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA APHIS) after the effective date of this Order: Atlantic Cod (Gadus morhua), Black Crappie (Pomoxis nigromaculatus), Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus), Bluntnose Minnow (Pimephales notatus), Brown Bullhead (Ictalurus nebulosus), Brown Trout (Salmo trutta), Burbot (Lota lota), Channel Catfish (Ictalurus punctatus), Chinook Salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha), Coho Salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch), Chum Salmon (Oncorhynchus keta), Emerald Shiner (Notropis atherinoides), Freshwater Drum (Aplodinotus grunniens), Gizzard Shad (Dorosoma cepedianum), Grayling (Thymallus thymallus), Haddock (Gadus aeglefinus), Herring (Clupea spp.) Japanese Flounder (Paralichthys olivaceus), Largemouth Bass (Micropterus salmoides), Muskellunge (Esox masquinongy), Pacific Cod (Gadus macrocephalus) Pike (Esox lucius), Pink Salmon (Onchorhynchus gorbuscha), Pumpkinseed (Lepomis gibbosus), Rainbow Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), Redhorse Sucker (Moxostoma spp.), Rock Bass (Ambloplites rupestris), Rockling (Onos mustelus), Round Goby (Neogobius melanostomus), Smallmouth Bass (Micropterus dolomieu), Sprat (Sprattus spp.), Turbot (Scophthalmus maximus), Walleye (Sander vitreus), White Bass (Morone chrysops), White Perch (Morone americana), Whitefish (Coregonus spp.) and Yellow Perch (Perca flavescens). The term "VHS-susceptible species" does not include the eggs of these species.

3. General Quarantine – Imposition.

- a. A General Quarantine is hereby established with respect to the following counties, which are in whole or in part within the Lake Erie or Lake Ontario Watersheds: Crawford County, Erie County and Potter County (Quarantined Counties).
- b. A PDA-registered artificial propagator of fish species or a PDA-registered dealer of fish species shall not transport VHS-susceptible species from the Quarantined Counties unless the testing and documentation requirements set forth below, in Paragraph 5, are met. The following exceptions apply:

- i. VHS-susceptible species may be moved from point-to-point within the Quarantined Counties *without* the PDA-registered artificial propagator or dealer having to comply with the referenced testing and documentation requirements, *if* the VHS-susceptible species are accompanied in transit by documentation stating the point of origin of the fish and the location within the Quarantined Counties to which they are to be delivered.
- ii. VHS-susceptible species may be moved from the Quarantined Counties for testing and scientific purposes *without* the PDA-registered artificial propagator or dealer having to comply with the referenced testing and documentation requirements, *if* the VHS-susceptible species are accompanied in transit by documentation stating the point of origin of the fish and the destination to which they are to be delivered for testing.
- iii. If a PDA-registered artificial propagator or dealer located within the Quarantined Counties documents to PDA that its operation is *not* located within the Lake Erie or Lake Ontario Watersheds, PDA may issue the propagator or dealer a written permit exempting that part of the propagator or dealer's operation from the requirements of this General Quarantine.
- iv. VHS-susceptible species may be moved from the Quarantined Counties directly to a slaughter facility, processing plant or restaurant within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, if accompanied in transit by documentation stating the point of origin of the fish and the destination to which they are to be delivered for slaughter, processing or consumption.
- c. A PDA-registered artificial propagator of fish species or a PDA-registered dealer of fish species moving VHS-susceptible species from the Quarantined Counties shall maintain records of any lot of VHS-susceptible species for two years and shall, upon request, produce these records for inspection by any employee or representative of PDA. The records shall include:
 - i. Species, quantity and destination of fish in the lot, and date of movement.
 - ii. Origin of fish in the lot (whether hatched on-site or brought live from another source).
 - iii. Date of VHS-related testing, and results of these tests.
 - iv. Dates of any additions of fish to the lot, including the source, species and approximate number of fish added to the lot.
- d. If VHS-susceptible species are transported from or within a Quarantined County in accordance with subparagraph (b), the following apply:

- i. The VHS-susceptible species shall not be deposited, introduced, dumped, commingled or otherwise permitted to enter the natural water system outside of the Lake Erie or Lake Ontario watersheds.
- ii. Water in which VHS-susceptible species are transported shall not be deposited, introduced, dumped, commingled or otherwise permitted to enter the natural water system outside of the Lake Erie or Lake Ontario watersheds.

4. Interstate Quarantine - Imposition.

- a. An Interstate Quarantine is hereby established with respect to the following States, which have been designated by USDA APHIS as being either *affected* by VHS or as being *at risk* of being affected by VHS (Quarantined VHS-Affected or VHS At-Risk States): Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio and Wisconsin.
- b. VHS-susceptible species shall not be transported into the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from the Quarantined VHS-Affected or VHS-At-Risk States unless the testing and documentation requirements set forth below, in Paragraph 5, are met. The following exceptions apply:
 - i VHS-susceptible species may be moved from Quarantined VHS-Affected or VHS At-Risk States, through this Commonwealth to another State, *if* the shipping container (tank, trailer, holding vessel or other container) remains biosecure in transit *and* the VHS-susceptible species are accompanied in transit by documentation stating the point of origin of the fish and the location outside of this Commonwealth to which they are to be delivered.
 - ii. VHS-susceptible species may be moved from the Quarantined VHS-Affected or VHS At-Risk States to facilities located within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for testing and scientific purposes *without* the transporter having to comply with the referenced testing and documentation requirements, *if* the VHS-susceptible species are accompanied in transit by documentation stating the point of origin of the fish and the destination to which they are to be delivered for testing.
 - iii. VHS-susceptible species may be moved from Quarantined VHS-Affected or VHS At-Risk States to a slaughter facility, processing plant or restaurant within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, if accompanied in transit by documentation stating the point of origin of the fish and the destination to which they are to be delivered for slaughter, processing or consumption.
- c. If VHS-susceptible species are transported into this Commonwealth from the Quarantined VHS-Affected or VHS-At-Risk States in accordance with subparagraph (b), the following apply:

- i. VHS-susceptible species shall not be deposited, introduced, dumped, commingled or otherwise permitted to enter the natural water system within this Commonwealth.
- ii. Water in which VHS-susceptible species are transported shall not be deposited, introduced, dumped, commingled or otherwise permitted to enter the natural water system within this Commonwealth.
- 5. Testing and Documentation Requirements. VHS-susceptible species that are required to be tested under Paragraphs 3 or 4, above, shall meet the following testing and documentation requirements:
 - a. Within 12 months preceding movement from a Quarantined County or a Quarantined VHS-Affected or VHS-At-Risk State, the VHS-susceptible species lot shall be tested in accordance with *either* the testing protocols described in the current edition of the *Fish Health Section Bluebook* adopted by the American Fisheries Society, or the testing protocols of the Office of International Epizootiologies (OIE), and the lot shall be test-negative for VHS.
 - b. If fish are added to a lot of VHS-susceptible species *after* the testing described in Paragraph (a), above, is completed, the lot shall be re-tested in accordance with Paragraph (a) and found VHS test-negative prior to movement.
 - c. Documentation of VHS status shall accompany VHS-susceptible species that are required to be tested under Paragraphs 3 or 4, above, at all times the VHS-susceptible species remain within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall, upon request, be produced for inspection by any employee or representative of PDA. This documentation shall include the following:
 - i. A completed Aquaculture Verification Certificate form. This form will be provided by PDA upon request. Requests can be made to the following:

Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture Bureau of Animal Health and Diagnostic Services ATTN: Aquaculture 2301 North Cameron Street Harrisburg, PA 17110-9408

Telephone: (717) 772-2852

- ii. A copy of the test results reflecting that the lot is VHS test-negative.
- 6. *Violations*. Any person violating the requirements of this Order shall be subject to criminal prosecution and/or civil penalties of up to \$10,000 per violation.

- 7. *Effective Date*. This Order is immediately effective on this date, and shall remain in effect unless rescinded or modified by subsequent order.
- 8. *Additional Restrictions*. This Order shall not be construed as limiting PDA's authority to establish additional quarantine or testing requirements relating to VHS.

BY THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

D	ennis C Wolff, Secretary
	Date

AQUACULTURE VERIFICATION CERTIFICATE

For artificial propagators and dealers of fish species located within the Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia Virus Quarantined Counties in Pennsylvania, and also the states of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio and Wisconsin to ship VHS-susceptible fish species into the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section A: Premise Informa	ation		
State of Origin:	F	remise ID:	
Aquaculture License Nur	mber:		
Lot Owner:			
Address of Lot:			
Phone Number of Lot Ov	vner/ Manager:		
Type of Fish that Qualify	for movement (Quantity, spec	cies, size/age.)	
Section B: Testing Informa	tion		
Randomly selected fish have Section Blue Book" standard added to the lot. The negative	been tested according to OIE s. The negative test results a re test results must be attache	nave been added to this lot since testing. For American Fisheries Society "Fish Health re valid for 365 days, if no additional fish were ad to this Certificate. Sion Number:	
Expiration Date of Certific	cate:		
Section C: Official Tester V	'erification		
	s of clinical disease were obs	ove identified lot. I have inspected the fish as erved and the fish tested negative for Viral	
Printed name:	Telephone Number:		
Signature:		Date:	
I am a (select one):	O State Official, O Accredited Veterinaria	O Federal Official, n, O Certified Aquaculture Technician	
Section D: Lot Owner/ Mar	nager Verification		
Lot Owner/ Manager Prir	nted Name:		
Date:	Signature		

AQUACULTURE VERIFICATION CERTIFICATE

For artificial propagators and dealers of fish species located within the Viral Hemorrhagic Septicemia Virus Quarantined Counties in Pennsylvania, and also the states of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio and Wisconsin to ship VHS-susceptible fish species into the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section A: Premise Informa	ation		
State of Origin:	Pren	nise ID:	
Aquaculture License Nur	mber:		
Lot Owner:		<u> </u>	
Address of Lot:			
Phone Number of Lot Ov	vner/ Manager:		
Type of Fish that Qualify	for movement (Quantity, species	, size/age.)	
Section B: Testing Informa	tion		
Randomly selected fish have Section Blue Book" standard added to the lot. The negative	been tested according to OIE or s. The negative test results are vertest results must be attached to	e been added to this lot since testing. American Fisheries Society "Fish Health ralid for 365 days, if no additional fish were to this Certificate. Number:	
Expiration Date of Certific	cate:		
Section C: Official Tester V			
	s of clinical disease were observe	identified lot. I have inspected the fish as ed and the fish tested negative for Viral	
Printed name:	rinted name: Telephone Number:		
Signature:		Date:	
I am a (select one):	O State Official, O Accredited Veterinarian,	O Federal Official, O Certified Aquaculture Technician	
Section D: Lot Owner/ Mar	nager Verification		
Lot Owner/ Manager Prir	nted Name:		
Dotor	Signatura		